

Low-Power Real Time Clock

INTRODUCTION

This application note implements a low-power real time clock using the Timer1 module of the PIC16CXX family of processors. Timer1 can operate from its own crystal source, which allows the timer to increment while the device is in sleep mode. The device is placed into sleep to minimize the current consumption. Only the events that require processing will wake the device from sleep. These are a key input and a Timer1 overflow.

OPERATION

Upon power-up, the device goes into an initial state. This state sets the display to 12:00 PM and waits for Timer1 to generate an interrupt (every second). The Timer1 overflow interrupt wakes the device from sleep. This causes the time registers (HRS, MIN, SECS) to be updated. If the SECS register contains an even value (SECS<0> = 0), the colon (":") is not displayed. This gives a visual indication for each second.

There are three keys for the setting of the clock. The SELECT_UNITS Key (S1) selects which units are to be modified (hours, minutes, off). The selected units are blanked for a second then flashed for one second. The INC Key (S2) increments the selected units. While incrementing, the selected units are displayed. After a key has not been depressed for more than one second,

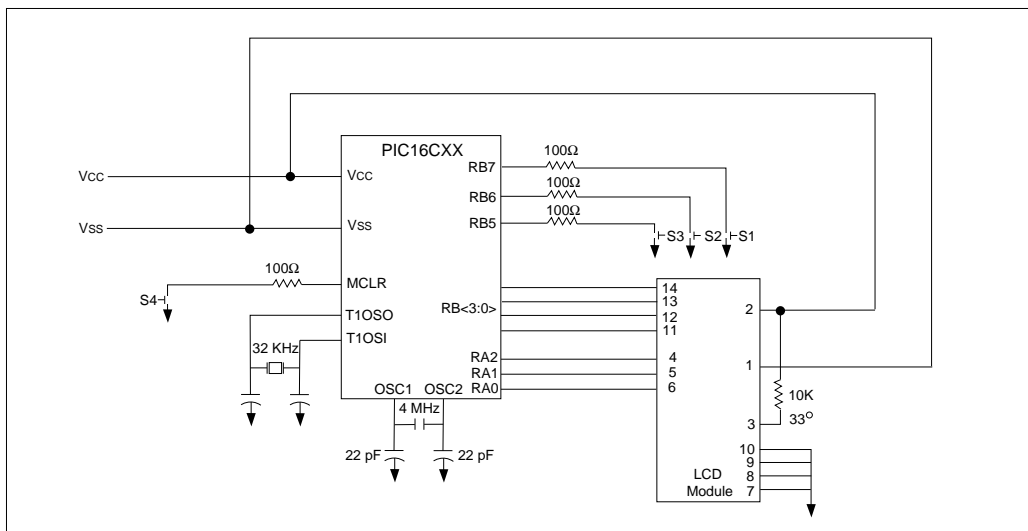
the selected units will begin to flash. The CLR_MIN Key (S3) clears the minutes and seconds. CLR_MIN is useful for exactly setting the time to the "top of the hour" as announced in radio broadcasts. After the INC or SELECT_UNITS keys are depressed, the user has ten seconds to depress the next key. After no key has been depressed for ten seconds, the unit returns to the clock mode.

To simplify the design time, a standard Hitachi LCD display module is used. In most applications requiring a LCD display, a custom LCD display is used. The LCD interface software would need to be modified to suit the specific LCD display driver being used.

Figure 1 is a block diagram of the design. RA<2:0> are the control signals to the LCD display, RB<3:0> is the 4-bit data bus, and RB<7:5> is the input switches. The OSC1 pin is connected to an RC network, which generates approximately a 4 MHz device frequency. The device frequency does not need to be stable, since the Timer1 module operates asynchronously. This allows the device's oscillator to be configured for RC mode. This oscillator mode is the least expensive and has the quickest start-up time. Timer1 is where the accurate frequency is required. This crystal is connected to the T1OSI and T1OSO pins. A good choice for a crystal is a 32.786 KHz (watch) crystal. Table 1 is a list of the components and their part number.

3

FIGURE 1: CLOCK BLOCK DIAGRAM



Low-Power Real Time Clock

Relative to most microelectronics, the LCD's are slow devices. A good portion of the time spent in the Interrupt Service Routine, is talking to and updating the LCD module. To minimize power consumption, the device should be in the sleep mode as much as possible.

By using the conditional assemble, if a flag (called Debug) is true, the total time spent in the subroutine can be seen on the PORTD<0> pin (the high time). Measuring this time on an oscilloscope displayed a typical time of 800 uS that the device is awake. This 800 uS operation is out of the 1 second time that the device needs to service the interrupt (a TMR1 overflow).

The accuracy of a real time clock using Timer1 depends on the accuracy of the crystal being used. The more accurate the crystal, the higher the cost. So as always there is a cost / performance trade-off to be made. A crystal rated with an accuracy of 20 PPM (parts per million), could cause an error of about 1.7 seconds per day. For many applications, this should be adequate (said from someone who doesn't wear a watch).

The program presented here shows one method for a real time clock. Trade-offs between code size, current consumption and desired operation have been made. Some possible alternative implementations are:

1. When displaying the time, update only the characters that changed.
2. Turn off the display during sleep
3. LCD module data interface of 8-bits, not the 4-bit interface.

Alternative 1 can reduce the time awake, by keeping track of which characters need to be updated. The majority of the time it will be only the position which contains either the ":" or the ".". Next would be the ones place of the minutes, then the tens place of the minutes, etc. The display would only need to be completely updated 2 times every 24 hrs. This would reduce the amount of time talking with the LCD display at the cost of some program / data memory.

Depending on the requirements of the application and the characteristics of the display, alternative 2 could be implemented by turning the power off and on (at a given rate) to the display. This technique may lead to a lower system current consumption. Evaluation upon the desired display / display driver is recommended.

Alternative 3 uses the LCD module in an 8-bit mode, will reduce the size of the display routines (save about 20 words of program memory) at the cost of four additional I/O lines. For some applications this may be a good trade off to get the additional program memory space. The percentage of operating time saved is slight and should not give substantial power savings.

TABLE 1: LIST OF COMPONENTS[†]

Description	Part Number	Manufacturer	Quantity
LCD Module (2 x 20 Characteristics)	LM032L	Hitachi	1
Switches	EVQPADO4M	Panasonic	4
Microcontroller	PIC16C64 / 74	Microchip	1
32.768 KHz Crystal	NC26 / NC38	FOX	1
4 MHz Crystal	ECS-40-20-1	ECS	1

[†] Most components available from DigiKey.

CONCLUSION

The Timer1 module allows many applications to include a real time clock at minimal system cost. This time function can be useful in consumer applications (display time) as well as in industrial applications (data time stamp). The accuracy of the time is strictly dependent on the accuracy of the crystal. Table 2 shows the program resource requirements.

TABLE 2: PROGRAM RESOURCE REQUIREMENTS

Resource		Words / Bytes	Cycles
Program Memory	Initialization	61	61
	Clock Operation	Increment Time W.C.	35 + Display
		Key Input W.C.	
Data Memory	Display‡	208	526†
	Variables	5	N.A.
	Scratch RAM	4	N.A.

† Dependent on LCD Module (re: BUSY_CHECK subroutine)

‡ Assumes worst case numbers and best case response from LCD module.

*Author: Mark Palmer - Sr. Application Engineer
Logic Products Division*

APPENDIX A: SOURCE CODE LISTING (CLOCK_01.LST)

```

MPASM 01.01 Released      CLOCK.ASM  5-13-1994  13:11:9          PAGE  1

LOC  OBJECT CODE      LINE SOURCE TEXT
0001      LIST      P = 16C74,  F = INHX8M,  n = 66
0002      ;
0003      ;*****
0004      ;
0005      ; This program implements a real time clock using the TMRL module of the
0006      ; PIC16Cxx family. A LCD display module is used to display (update) the
0007      ; time every second. Three keys are used to set the time.
0008      ;
0009      ; Program = CLOCK.ASM
0010      ; Revision Date:  5-15-94
0011      ;
0012      ;*****
0013      ;
0014      ;
0015      ; HARDWARE SETUP
0016      ; LCD Control Lines
0017      ; RA0 = E      (Enable)
0018      ; RA1 = R_W   (Read/Write)
0019      ; RA2 = RS    (Register Select)
0020      ; LCD Data Lines
0021      ; RB<3:0>
0022      ; Switch Inputs
0023      ; RB7 = Select Hour / Minute / Off
0024      ; RB6 = Increment Hour / Minute
0025      ; RB5 = Reset Minutes to 00
0026      ;
0027      ; INCLUDE <C74_reg.h>
0028      ;
0029      ;
0030      ; INCLUDE <CLOCK.h>
0031      ;
0032      ;
0033      ;
0034      ;
0035      ;
0006      EQU LCD_DATA      EQU PORTB      ; The LCD data is on the lower 4-bits
0006      EQU LCD_DATA_TRIS EQU TRISB      ; The TRIS register for the LCD data
0005      EQU LCD_CNTRL     EQU PORTA      ; Three control lines
0000      EQU PICMaster     EQU FALSE     ; A Debugging Flag
0000      EQU Debug         EQU FALSE     ; A Debugging Flag

```

```

0001
0036 Debug_FU EQU TRUE ; A Debugging Flag
0037 ;
0038 ;
0039 ; Reset address. Determine type of RESET
0040 ;
0041 org RESET_V ; RESET vector location
0042 RESET BSF STATUS, RP0 ; Bank 1
0043 BTFSC PCON, POR ; Power-up reset?
0044 GOTO START ; YES
0045 OTHER_RESET ; NO, a WDT or MCLR reset
0046 ;
0047 ; This is the Peripheral Interrupt routine. Need to determine the type
0048 ; of interrupt that occurred. The following interrupts are enabled:
0049 ; 1. PORTB Change (RBIF)
0050 ; 2. TMRI Overflow Interrupt (TIIF)
0051 ;
0052 org ISR_V ; Interrupt vector location
0053 PER_INT_V
0054 if ( Debug )
0055 bsf PORTD, 0 ; Set high, use to measure total
0056 ; time in Int Service Routine
0057 endif
0058 ;
0059 BCF STATUS, RP0 ; Bank 0
0060 BTFSC PIR1, TMR1IF ; Timer 1 overflowed?
0061 GOTO T1_OVRFL ; YES, Service the Timer1 Overflow Interrupt
0062 BTFSS INTCOM, RBIF ; NO, Did PORTB change?
0063 GOTO ERROR1 ; NO, Error Condition - Unknown Interrupt
0064 ;
0065 PORTB_FLAG ; Are any of PORTB's inputs active?
0066 MOVF PORTB, W ;
0067 ANDLW 0xE0 ; Keep only the 3 switch values
0068 MOVWF TEMP ;
0069 MOVLW DB_HI_BYTE ; This is the debounce delay
0070 MOVF MSD ;
0071 CLRF LSD ;
0072 KB_D_LP1 DECFSZ LSD ;
0073 GOTO KB_D_LP1 ;
0074 DECFSZ MSD ;
0075 GOTO KB_D_LP1 ;
0076 END_DELAY MOVF PORTB, W ;
0077 ANDLW 0xE0 ; Keep only the 3 switch values
0078 SUBWF TEMP, F ;
0079 BTFSS STATUS, Z ; Is the Zero bit set?
0080 ; (switches were the same on 2 reads)
0081 GOTO DEBOUNCE ; NO, Try another read
0082 KEY_MATCH MOVWF TEMP ; YES, need to see which is depressed.
0083 ;
0084 MOVLW 0x80 ; Since doing key inputs, clear TMR1

```

Real Time Clock

```

001A 008F      MOVWF    TMR1H      ; for 1 sec overflow.
001B 018E      CLRF     TMR1L      ;
001C 100C      BCF      TMR1IF    ; Clear Timer 1 Interrupt Flag
0088
001D 1FB5      BTFSS   HR_MIN_SW  ; Is the hour-min-off switch depressed?
001E 2826      GOTO    SELECT_UNITS ; YES, specify the units selected
001F 1F35      BTFSS   TEMP_INC_SW ; Is the inc switch depressed?
0020 282B      GOTO    INC_UNIT    ; YES, Increment the selected Units
0021 1EB5      BTFSS   TEMP_CLR_MIN_SW ; Is the clear minute switch depressed?
0022 2835      GOTO    CLR_MIN    ; YES, clear the minutes.
0095 ;
0096 ; No key match occurred, or finished with PortB interrupt and need to clear interrupt condition.
0097 ;
0098 CLR_RB    PORTB, F      ; No RB<7:5> keys are depressed (rising edge Int.)
0099          INTCON, RBIF    ; Clear the PORTB mismatch condition
0023 0886      MOVF     PORTD, 0     ; Set low, use to measure total
0024 100B      BCF      INTCON, RBIF ; Clear the PORTB Int Flag
0101          if ( Debug )
0102              bcf     PORTD, 0 ; time in Int Service Routine
0103          endif
0104          RETFIE
0105 ;
0107 SELECT_UNITS
0108          MOVLW   0x0F      ;
0109          MOVWF   WAIT_CNTR ; WAIT_CNTR has LSB set after each SELECT_UNIT key press.
0110          INCF   FLAG_REG, F ; Increment the pointer to the MIN_UNIT:HR_UNIT
0111          BSF    FLAG_REG, KEY_INPUT ;
0112          GOTO   DISPLAY   ; Flash the Display of the selected unit
0113 ;
0114 INC_UNIT
0115          CLRF   WAIT_CNTR ; WAIT_CNTR is cleared to zero after each key press.
0116          BTFSC  FLAG_REG, HR_UNIT ; Are the hour units selected?
0117          GOTO   INC_HRS   ; YES, Increment the hour units
0118          BTFSS  FLAG_REG, MIN_UNIT ; Are the minute units selected?
0119          GOTO   CLR_RB    ; NO, Not a valid key. Clear flags
0120 ;
0121          INCF   MIN, F     ; YES, Increment the minute units
0122          MOVLW  0x3C      ; This is Decimal 60
0123          SUBWF  MIN, W     ; MIN - 60 = ?
0124          BTFSS  STATUS, Z ; MIN = 60?
0125          GOTO   DISPLAY   ; NO, display time
0126          ; YES, MIN = 0 (use code from CLR_MIN)
0127          CLRF  MIN       ; MIN = 0
0128          MOVLW  0x04      ; Clear the seconds
0129          MOVWF  SECS      ; Initial Second count = 4
0130          MOVLW  0x80      ; Clear Timer 1, for 1 sec overflow
0131          MOVWF  TMR1H     ;
0132          CLRF  TMR1L     ;
0133          BCF   PIR1, TMR1IF ; Clear the TMR1 overflow interrupt.

```

```

003C 01C0      CLRFB      WAIT_CNTR      ; WAIT_CNTR is cleared to zero after each key press.
003D 1AB5      BTFSFB     CLR_MIN_SW    ; Is the clear minute switch depressed?
003E 2875      GOTO      DISPLAY      ; NO. Rollover from increment key
003F 10A0      BCF       FLAG_REG, MIN_UNIT ; YES, Clear ALL relevant flags
0040 1020      BCF       FLAG_REG, HR_UNIT  ;
0041 1220      BCF       FLAG_REG, KEY_INPUT ;
0042 2875      GOTO      DISPLAY      ;

0141 ;
0143 ;
0144 TL_OVRFL

0043 100C      BCF       PIRL, TMR1IF    ; Clear Timer 1 Interrupt Flag
0044 1E20      BTFSFB     FLAG_REG, KEY_INPUT ; Are we using the key inputs?
0045 284F      GOTO      INC_TIME      ; NO, Need to increment the time
0046 0AC0      INCF      WAIT_CNTR, F    ; YES,
0047 300A      MOVWLW    0x0A           ; 10 counts x 1 seconds
0048 0240      SUBWF     WAIT_CNTR, W    ; Has the 10 Sec wait for key expired?
0049 1D03      BTFSFB     STATUS, Z      ; Is the result 0?
004A 2875      GOTO      DISPLAY      ; NO, Display value
004B 01C0      CLRFB     WAIT_CNTR      ; YES, Clear WAIT_CNTR
004C 1220      BCF       FLAG_REG, KEY_INPUT ;
004D 1020      BCF       FLAG_REG, HR_UNIT  ;
004E 10A0      BCF       FLAG_REG, MIN_UNIT ;

004F 3080      MOVLW     0x80           ;
0050 008F      MOVWF     TMR1H          ; 1 Second Overflow
0051 0AB2      INCF     SECS, F         ;
0052 1F32      BTFSFB     SECS, 6       ;
0053 2875      GOTO      DISPLAY      ;
0054 3004      MOVLW     0x04           ;
0055 00B2      MOVWF     SECS          ;
0056 0AB1      INCF     MIN, F         ;
0057 303C      MOVLW     0x3C           ; W = 60d
0058 0231      SUBWF     MIN, W         ;
0059 1D03      BTFSFB     STATUS, Z      ;
005A 2875      GOTO      DISPLAY      ;
005B 01B1      CLRFB     MIN           ;
005C 0AB0      INCF     HRS, F         ;
005D 300C      MOVLW     0x0C           ; It is now 12:00, Toggle AM / PM
005E 0230      SUBWF     HRS, W         ;
005F 1D03      BTFSFB     STATUS, Z      ;
0060 2867      GOTO      CK_13         ; Need to check if HRS = 13
0061 1FA0      BTFSFB     FLAG_REG, AM   ; Was it AM or PM
0062 2865      GOTO      SET_AM        ; Was PM, Needs to be AM
0063 13A0      BCF       FLAG_REG, AM   ; It is PM
0064 2875      GOTO      DISPLAY      ;
0065 17A0      BCF       FLAG_REG, AM   ; It is AM
0066 2875      GOTO      DISPLAY      ;

```

Real Time Clock

```

0183 ;
0184 CK_13          ; Check if HRS = 13
0185 MOVW 0x0D      ;
0186 SUBWF HRS, W  ;
0187 BTFSF STATUS, Z
0188 GOTO DISPLAY ;
0189 CLRF HRS      ;
0190 INCF HRS, F  ;
0191 GOTO DISPLAY ;
0192 ;
0193 INIT_DISPLAY
0194 MOVW DISP_ON  ; Display On, Cursor On
0195 CALL SEND_CMD ; Send This command to the Display Module
0196 MOVW CLR_DISP ; Clear the Display
0197 CALL SEND_CMD ; Send This command to the Display Module
0198 MOVW ENTRY_INC ; Set Entry Mode Inc., No shift
0199 CALL SEND_CMD ; Send This command to the Display Module
0200 RETURN
0201 ;
0202 DISPLAY
0203 MOVW DD_RAM_ADDR ;
0204 CALL SEND_CMD  ;
0205 ;
0206 BTFSF FLAG_REG, KEY_INPUT ; Do we need to flash the selected units?
0207 GOTO FLASH_UNITS ; YES, we need to flash selected units
0208 CALL LOAD_HRS ; NO, do a normal display
0209 CALL LOAD_COLON ;
0210 CALL LOAD_MIN ;
0211 GOTO LOAD_AM ;
0212 ;
0213 FLASH_UNITS
0214 CLRF PCLATH ; This clears PCLATH, This table in lst
0215 MOVF FLAG_REG, W ; 256 bytes of program memory
0216 ANDLW 0x03 ; only HR_UNIT and MIN_UNIT bit can be non-zero
0217 UNIT_TBL
0218 ADDWF PCL ; HR_UNIT:MIN_UNIT
0219 GOTO NO_UNITS ; 0 0 - Display everything.
0220 GOTO HR_UNITS ; 0 1 - Flash the hour units
0221 GOTO MIN_UNITS ; 1 0 - Flash the minute units
0222 UNIT_TBL_END
0223 MOVW 0xFC ; 1 1 - Need to clear FLAG_REG
0224 ANDWF FLAG_REG, F ;
0225 GOTO NO_UNITS ; 0 0 - Display everything.
0226 ;
0227 if ( (UNIT_TBL & 0x0FF) >= (UNIT_TBL_END & 0x0FF) )
0228 MESSG "Warning: Table UNIT_TBL crosses page boundary in computed jump"
0229 endif
0230 ;
0231 ;
0067 300D
0068 0230
0069 1D03
006A 2875
006B 01B0
006C 0AB0
006D 2875
006E 300C
006F 20E3
0070 3001
0071 20E3
0072 3006
0073 20E3
0074 0008
0075 3080
0076 20E3
0077 1A20
0078 287D
0079 20A4
007A 20AD
007B 20E2
007C 28EB
007D 018A
007E 0820
007F 3903
0080 0782
0081 289F
0082 2897
0083 2893
0084 30FC
0085 05A0
0086 289F

```



```

0232 HR_UNITS
0233      BTFSS      WAIT_CNTR, 0      ; If WAIT_CNTR is odd,
0234      GOTO       SKIP_BLK_HRS      ; hour digits are displayed as blank
0235      MOVW        SKIP_BLK_HRS
0236      CALL       SEND_CHAR
0237      MOVW        SEND_CHAR
0238      CALL       SEND_CHAR
0239      GOTO       SEND_CHAR
0240 SKIP_BLK_HRS
0241      BTFSS      WAIT_CNTR, 0      ; WAIT_CNTR was even, display hour digits
0242      CALL       LOAD_HRS
0243      ;
0244      MOVW        ': '
0245      CALL       SEND_CHAR
0246      CALL       LOAD_MIN
0247      GOTO       LOAD_AM
0248      ;
0250 MIN_UNITS
0251      CALL       LOAD_HRS
0252      MOVW        ': '
0253      CALL       SEND_CHAR
0254      BTFSS      WAIT_CNTR, 0      ; If WAIT_CNTR is odd,
0255      GOTO       SKIP_BLK_MIN      ; minute digits are displayed as blank
0256      MOVW        SKIP_BLK_MIN
0257      CALL       SEND_CHAR
0258      CALL       SEND_CHAR
0259      MOVW        ': '
0260      CALL       SEND_CHAR
0261 SKIP_BLK_MIN
0262      BTFSS      WAIT_CNTR, 0      ; WAIT_CNTR was even, display minute digits
0263      CALL       LOAD_MIN
0264      GOTO       LOAD_AM
0265      ;
0266 NO_UNITS
0267      CALL       LOAD_HRS
0268      MOVW        ': '
0269      CALL       SEND_CHAR
0270      CALL       LOAD_MIN
0271      GOTO       LOAD_AM
0272      ;
0273 LOAD_HRS
0274      MOVF        HRS, W
0275      CALL       BIN_2_BCD
0276      MOVF        MSD, W
0277      CALL       NUM_TABLE
0278      CALL       SEND_CHAR
0279      ;
0280      MOVF        LSD, W

```

Real Time Clock

```

00AA 2400          CALL    NUM_TABLE      ; Get the ASCII code
00AB 20D4          CALL    SEND_CHAR     ; Send this Character to the Display
00AC 0008          RETURN

00AD 3020          MOVLW   ' '           ; ASCII value for a Blank space
00AE 1832          BTFSC   SECS, 0         ; Is it an EVEN or ODD second
00AF 3E1A          ADDLW   ': - '       ; Is ODD, Second colon is ON.
                                ; Add delta offset of ASCII Characters
00B0 20D4          CALL    SEND_CHAR     ; Send this Character to the Display
00B1 0008          RETURN

00B2 0831          MOVF    MIN, W           ; Load the Wreg with the value
00B3 20C7          CALL    BIN_2_BCD      ; to convert to BCD
00B4 0833          MOVF    MSD, W           ; Load the MSD value into the Wreg
00B5 2400          CALL    NUM_TABLE     ; Get the ASCII code
00B6 20D4          CALL    SEND_CHAR     ; Send this Character to the Display

00B7 0834          MOVF    LSD, W           ; Load the LSD value into the Wreg
00B8 2400          CALL    NUM_TABLE     ; Get the ASCII code
00B9 20D4          CALL    SEND_CHAR     ; Send this Character to the Display
00BA 0008          RETURN

00BB 3020          MOVLW   ' '           ; ASCII value for a Blank space
00BC 20D4          CALL    SEND_CHAR     ; Send this Character to the Display
00BD 3041          MOVLW   'A'           ; ASCII value for a Blank space
00BE 1FA0          BTFSS   FLAG_REG, AM      ; Is it AM or PM
00BF 3E0F          ADDLW   'P' - 'A'       ; Is PM, Add delta offset of ASCII Characters
00C0 20D4          CALL    SEND_CHAR     ; Send this Character to the Display
00C1 304D          MOVLW   'M'           ; Send this Character to the Display
00C2 20D4          CALL    SEND_CHAR     ; Send this Character to the Display

00C3 1683          BSF     STATUS, RP0      ; Bank 1
00C4 1381          BCF     OPTION_R, RBP0   ; Turn on PORTB Pull-up
00C5 1283          BCF     STATUS, RP0      ; Bank 0
00C6 2823          GOTO    CLR_RB         ; You've displayed the time, Clear RBIF

00C7 01B3          CLRWF  BIN_2_BCD      ; This value contain the 10's digit value
00C8 00B4          MOVWF  LSD           ; This value contain the 1's digit value
00C9 300A          MOVLW  .10          ; A decimal 10
00CA 0234          SUBWF  LSD, W           ;
00CB 1C03          BTFSS STATUS, C        ; Did this subtract cause a Negative Result?

```

```

00CC 3400      RETLW 0      ; YES, Return from this Routine
00CD 00B4      MOVWF LSD      ; No, move the result into LSD
00CE 0AB3      INCF MSD, F    ; Increment the most significant digit
00CF 28C9      GOTO TENS_SUB ;
0335 ;
0336 ;
0337 ; should NEVER get here
0338 ;
0339 ERROR1   BCF STATUS, RP0 ; Bank 0
0340 ;
0341         if ( Debug )
0342         bsf PORTD, 1
0343         bcf PORTD, 1
0344         else
0345         BSF PORTC, 0
0346         BCF PORTC, 0
0347         endif
0348         GOTO ERROR1
0349 ;
0351 ;
0352 ;*****
0353 ;* SendChar - Sends character to LCD *
0354 ;* This routine splits the character into the upper and lower *
0355 ;* nibbles and sends them to the LCD, upper nibble first. *
0356 ;* The data is transmitted on the PORT<3:0> pins *
0357 ;*****
0358
0359 SEND_CHAR  MOVWF CHAR      ; Character to be sent is in W
0360            CALL BUSY_CHECK ; Wait for LCD to be ready
0361            SWAPF CHAR, W
0362            ANDLW 0x0F      ; Get upper nibble
0363            MOVWF LCD_DATA  ; Send data to LCD
0364            BCF LCD_CNTRL, R_W ; Set LCD to read
0365            BCF LCD_CNTRL, RS ; Set LCD to data mode
0366            BCF LCD_CNTRL, E ; toggle E for LCD
0367            BCF LCD_CNTRL, E
0368            BCF LCD_CNTRL, E
0369            MOVF CHAR, W
0370            ANDLW 0x0F      ; Get lower nibble
0371            MOVWF LCD_DATA  ; Send data to LCD
0372            BCF LCD_CNTRL, E ; toggle E for LCD
0373            BCF LCD_CNTRL, E
0374            RETURN
0375
0376 ;*****

```

Real Time Clock

```

0377 ; * SendCmd - Sends command to LCD
0378 ; * This routine splits the command into the upper and lower
0379 ; * nibbles and sends them to the LCD, upper nibble first.
0380 ; * The data is transmitted on the PORT<3:0> pins
0381 ; *****
0382
0383 SEND_CMD
0384 MOVWF CHAR ; Character to be sent is in W
0385 CALL BUSY_CHECK ; Wait for LCD to be ready
0386 SWAPF CHAR, W
0387 ANDLW 0x0F ; Get upper nibble
0388 MOVWF LCD_DATA ; Send data to LCD
0389 BCF LCD_CNTRL, R_W ; Set LCD to read
0390 BCF LCD_CNTRL, RS ; Set LCD to command mode
0391 BSF LCD_CNTRL, E ; toggle E for LCD
0392 BCF LCD_CNTRL, E
0393 MOVF CHAR, W
0394 ANDLW 0x0F ; Get lower nibble
0395 MOVWF LCD_DATA ; Send data to LCD
0396 BSF LCD_CNTRL, E ; toggle E for LCD
0397 BCF LCD_CNTRL, E
0398 RETURN
0400 ; *****
0401 ; * This routine checks the busy flag, returns when not busy
0402 ; * Affects:
0403 ; * TEMP - Returned with busy/address
0404 ; *****
0405
0406 BUSY_CHECK
0407 ;
0408 if ( Debug )
0409 bsf PORTD, 3
0410 bcf PORTD, 3
0411 endif
0412 CLRWF LCD_DATA ; ** Have PORTE<3:0> output low
0413 BSF STATUS, RP0 ; Bank 1
0414 BSF OPTION_R, RBP0 ; Turn off PORTB Pull-up
0415 MOVLW 0xFF ; Set PortB for input
0416 MOVWF LCD_DATA_TRIS
0417 BCF STATUS, RP0 ; Bank 0
0418 BCF LCD_CNTRL, RS ; Set LCD for Command mode
0419 BSF LCD_CNTRL, R_W ; Setup to read busy flag
0420 BSF LCD_CNTRL, E ; Set E high
0421 BCF LCD_CNTRL, E ; Set E low
0422 SWAPF LCD_DATA, W ; Read upper nibble busy flag, DDRam address
00E3 00B6
00E4 20F2
00E5 0E36
00E6 390F
00E7 0086
00E8 1085
00E9 1105
00EA 1405
00EB 1005
00EC 0836
00ED 390F
00EE 0086
00EF 1405
00F0 1005
00F1 0008
00F2 0186
00F3 1683
00F4 1781
00F5 30FF
00F6 0086
00F7 1283
00F8 1105
00F9 1485
00FA 1405
00FB 1005
00FC 0E06

```

```

00FD 39F0 ANDLW 0xF0 ; Mask out lower nibble
00FE 0B55 MOVWF TEMP ;
00FF 1405 BSF LCD_CNTRL, E ; Toggle E to get lower nibble
0100 1005 BCF LCD_CNTRL, E ;
0101 0806 MOVF LCD_DATA, W ; Read lower nibble busy flag, DDRam address
0102 390F ANDLW 0x0F ; Mask out upper nibble
0103 04B5 IORWF TEMP, F ; Combine nibbles
0104 1B95 BTFSC TEMP, 7 ; Check busy flag, high = busy
0105 2822 GOTO BUSY_CHECK ; If busy, check again
0106 1085 BCF LCD_CNTRL, R_W ;
0107 1683 BSF STATUS, RP0 ; Bank 1
0108 3080 MOVLW 0xF0 ;
0109 0086 MOVWF LCD_DATA_TRIS ; RB7 - 4 = inputs, RB3 - 0 = output
010A 1283 BCF STATUS, RP0 ; Bank 0
010B 0008 RETURN ;

0438 ;
0440 ;
0441 ;*****
0442 ;**** Start program here, Power-On Reset occurred.
0443 ;*****
0444 ;
0445 START ; POWER_ON Reset (Beginning of program)
0446 BCF STATUS, RP0 ; Bank 0
0447 MOVLW 0x0C ; Decimal 12
0448 MOVWF HRS ; HOURS = 12
0449 CLRF MIN ; MIN = 00
0450 MOVLW 0x00 ;
0451 MOVWF FLAG_REG ; PM light is on
0452 MOVLW 0x04 ; Initial value of seconds (64d - 60d)
0453 MOVWF SECS ; This allows a simple bit test to see if 60
0454 ; secs has elapsed.
0455 MOVLW 0x80 ; TM1H:TMRL1 = 0x8000 gives 1 second
0456 MOVWF TMR1H ; overflow, at 32 KHz.
0457 CLRF TMR1L ;
0458 ;
0459 MCLR_RESET ; A Master Clear Reset
0460 BCF STATUS, RP0 ; Bank 0
0461 CLRF INTCON ; Do initialization (Bank 0)
0462 CLRF PIR1 ;
0463 CLRF STATUS, RP0 ; Bank 1
0464 BSF STATUS, RP0 ; The LCD module does not like to work w/ weak pull-ups
0465 MOVLW 0x00 ;
0466 MOVWF OPTION_R ; Disable all peripheral interrupts
0467 CLRF PIR1 ;
0468 MOVLW 0xFF ;
0469 MOVWF ADCON1 ; Port A is Digital.
0470 ;
0471 ;
010C 1283 ;
010D 300C ;
010E 00B0 ;
010F 01E1 ;
0110 3000 ;
0111 00A0 ;
0112 3004 ;
0113 00B2 ;
0114 3080 ;
0115 008F ;
0116 018E ;
0117 1283 ;
0118 0183 ;
0119 018B ;
011A 018C ;
011B 1683 ;
011C 3000 ;
011D 0081 ;
011E 018C ;
011F 30FF ;
0120 009F ;

```

Real Time Clock

```
0121 1283 STATUS, RP0 ; Bank 0
0122 0185 PORTA ; ALL PORT output should output Low.
0123 0186 PORTB
0124 0187 PORTC
0125 0188 PORTD
0126 0189 PORTE
0127 1010 T1CON, TMR1ON ; Timer 1 is NOT incrementing
0472 ;
0473 STATUS, RP0 ; Select Bank 1
0474 PORTA ; RA5 - 0 outputs
0475 PORTB ; RB7 - 4 inputs, RB3 - 0 outputs
0476 PORTC ; RC Port are outputs
0477 PORTD ; RC0 needs to be input for the oscillator to function
0478 PORTE ; RD Port are outputs
0479 T1CON, TMR1ON ; RE Port are outputs
0480 ; Enable TMR1 Interrupt
0481 STATUS, RP0 ; Enable PORTB pull-ups
0482 MOVWF ; Select Bank 0
0483 TRISA ; Need to clear 1st RBIF, due to
0484 TRISB ; set up of PORTB
0485 TRISC, T1OSO
0486 TRISD
0487 TRISE
0488 P1EL, TMR1IE
0489 OPTION_R, RBFU
0490 STATUS, RP0
0491 MOVF ;
0492 PORTB, F
0493 INTCON, RBIF
0494 ;
0495 ;
0496 ; Initialize the LCD Display Module
0497 ;
0498 CLRF LCD_CNTRL ; ALL PORT output should output Low.
0499
0500 DISPLAY_INIT
0501 MOVLW 0x02 ; Command for 4-bit interface
0502 LCD_DATA ;
0503 BSF LCD_CNTRL, E ;
0504 BCF LCD_CNTRL, E ;
0505 ;
0506 ; This routine takes the calculated times that the delay loop needs to
0507 ; be executed, based on the LCD_INIT_DELAY EQUate that includes the
0508 ; frequency of operation. These uses registers before they are needed to
0509 ; store the time.
0510 ;
0511 LCD_DELAY MOVLW LCD_INIT_DELAY ;
0512 MOVWF MSD ; Use MSD and LSD Registers to Initialize LCD
0513 CLRF LSD ;
0514 LOOP2 DECFSZ LSD ; Delay time = MSD * ((3 * 256) + 3) * Tcy
0515 GOTO LOOP2 ;
0516 DECFSZ MSD ;
0517 END_LCD_DELAY
0518 GOTO LOOP2 ;
0519 ;
0520 ; Command sequence for 2 lines of 5x7 characters
```

```

0141 3002          MOVLW    0X02
0142 0086          MOVWF   LCD_DATA
0143 1405          BSF     LCD_CNTRL, E ;
0144 1005          BCF     LCD_CNTRL, E ;
0145 3008          MOVLW    0x08 ;
0146 0086          MOVWF   LCD_DATA ;
0147 1405          BSF     LCD_CNTRL, E ;
0148 1005          BCF     LCD_CNTRL, E ;

0521 ;
0522 CMD_SEQ      MOVLW    0X02
0523          MOVWF   LCD_DATA
0524          BSF     LCD_CNTRL, E ;
0525          BCF     LCD_CNTRL, E ;
0526          MOVLW    0x08 ;
0527          MOVWF   LCD_DATA ;
0528          BSF     LCD_CNTRL, E ;
0529          BCF     LCD_CNTRL, E ;
0530 ;
0531 ; Busy Flag should be valid after this point
0532 ;
0533          MOVLW    DISP_ON ;
0534          CALL   SEND_CMD ;
0535          MOVWF   CLR_DISP ;
0536          CALL   SEND_CMD ;
0537          MOVLW    ENTRY_INC ;
0538          CALL   SEND_CMD ;
0539          MOVLW    DD_RAM_ADDR ;
0540          CALL   SEND_CMD ;
0541 ;
0542 ;
0543 ;
0544 ; Initialize the Special Function Registers (SFR) interrupts
0545 ;
0546          CLRF   PIR1 ;
0547          MOVLW 0x0E ;
0548          MOVWF T1CON ; R1 is overridden by TCKO
0549          BSF   INTCON, PEIE ; Enable Peripheral Interrupts
0550          BSF   INTCON, RBIE ; Disable PORTB<7:4> Change Interrupts
0551          BSF   INTCON, GIE  ; Enable all Interrupts
0552 ;
0553          CALL  INIT_DISPLAY ;
0554          CALL  DISPLAY ;
0555 ;
0556          MOVLW 0x0E ;
0557          MOVWF T1CON ; Enable T1 Oscillator, Ext Clock, Async, prescaler = 1
0558          BSF   T1CON, TMR1ON ; Turn Timer 1 ON
0559 ;
0560          if ( PICMaster ) ;
0561 lzz      goto lzz ; Loop waiting for interrupts (for use with PICMASTER)
0562          else
0563 ;
0564 SLEEP_LP SLEEP ; Wait for Change on PORTB interrupt. or TMR1 timeout
0565          NOP ;
0566          GOTO   SLEEP_LP ;
0567 ;
0568          endif
0569 ;

```

Real Time Clock

```

0570 ; Here is where you do things depending on the type of RESET (Not a Power-On Reset) .
0571 ;
0572 OTHER_RESET BITSS STATUS, TO ; WDT Time-out?
0573 WDT_TIMEOUT GOTO ERROR1 ; YES, This is error condition
0574 if ( Debug_FU )
0575 goto START
0576 else
0577 goto MCLR_RESET ; MCLR reset, Goto START
0578 endif
0579 ;
0580 if (Debug )
0581 END_START NOP ; END lable for debug
0582 endif
0583 ;
0584 ;
0585 ;
0586 ; org TABLE_ADDR
0587 ;
0588 NUM_TABLE MOVWF TEMP ; Store value to TEMP register
0589 MOVLM HIGH (TABLE_ADDR) ; Ensure that the PCLATH high has the
0590 MOVWF PCLATH ; correct value
0591 MOVF TEMP, W ; Value into table
0592 ANDLW 0x0F ; Mask to 4-bits (00 - 0Fh)
0593 NUM_TBL ADDWF PCL, F ; Determine Offset into table
0594 RETLW '0' ; ASCII value of "0" in W register
0595 RETLW '1' ; ASCII value of "1" in W register
0596 RETLW '2' ; ASCII value of "2" in W register
0597 RETLW '3' ; ASCII value of "3" in W register
0598 RETLW '4' ; ASCII value of "4" in W register
0599 RETLW '5' ; ASCII value of "5" in W register
0600 RETLW '6' ; ASCII value of "6" in W register
0601 RETLW '7' ; ASCII value of "7" in W register
0602 RETLW '8' ; ASCII value of "8" in W register
0603 RETLW '9' ; ASCII value of "9" in W register
0604 ; Any enter after is in error (Display an E)
0605 RETLW 'E' ; ASCII value of "E" in W register
0606 RETLW 'E' ; ASCII value of "E" in W register
0607 RETLW 'E' ; ASCII value of "E" in W register
0608 RETLW 'E' ; ASCII value of "E" in W register
0609 RETLW 'E' ; ASCII value of "E" in W register
0610 NUM_TBL_END RETLW 'E' ; ASCII value of "E" in W register
0611 ;
0612 if ( (NUM_TBL & 0x0FF) >= (NUM_TBL_END & 0x0FF) )
0613 MESSG "Warning: Table NUM_TBL crosses page boundary in computed jump"
0614 endif
0615 ;
0616 ;
0617 org PMEM_END ; End of Program Memory
0618 GOTO ERROR1 ; If you get here your program was lost
07FF 28D0

```



```
0619
0620         end
0621
0622

MPASM 01.01 Released      CLOCK.ASM      5-13-1994  13:11:9          PAGE 15
```

MEMORY USAGE MAP ('X' = Used, '-' = Unused)

```
0000 : XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
0040 : XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
0080 : XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
00C0 : XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
0100 : XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
0140 : XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XX-----
0400 : XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX-----
0440 : -----
0780 : -----
07C0 : -----X
```

All other memory blocks unused.

```
Errors : 0
Warnings : 16
```

NOTE: Special Function Register data memory locations in Bank 1, are specified by their true address in the file C74.REG.H. The use of the MPASM assembler will generate a warning message, when these labels are used with direct addressing.

Real Time Clock

APPENDIX B: CLOCK_01.H INCLUDE FILE

```
nolist
;*****
;
; This is the custom Header File for the real time clock application note
;
;   PROGRAM:      CLOCK_01.H
;   Revision:     5-04-94
;
;*****
; This is used for the ASSEMBLER to recalculate certain frequency
; dependant variables. The value of Dev_Freq must be changed to
; reflect the frequency that the device actually operates at.
;
Dev_Freq          EQU    D'4000000'      ; Device Frequency is 4 MHz
DB_HI_BYTE        EQU    (HIGH ((( Dev_Freq / 4 ) * 1 / D'1000' ) / 3 ) ) + 1
LCD_INIT_DELAY    EQU    (HIGH ((( Dev_Freq / 4 ) * D'46' / D'10000' ) / 3 ) ) + 1
INNER_CNTR        EQU    40              ; RAM Location
OUTER_CNTR        EQU    41              ; RAM Location
;
T1OSO             EQU    0                ; The RC0 / T1OSO / T1CKI
;
RESET_V           EQU    0x0000          ; Address of RESET Vector
ISR_V             EQU    0x0004          ; Address of Interrupt Vector
PMEM_END          EQU    0x07FF          ; Last address in Program Memory
TABLE_ADDR        EQU    0x0400          ; Address where to start Tables
;
HR_MIN_SW         EQU    0x7             ; The switch to select the units
INC_SW            EQU    0x6             ; The switch to increment the selected units
CLR_MIN_SW        EQU    0x5             ; The switch to clear the minutes and seconds
;
FLAG_REG          EQU    0x020           ; Register which contains flag bits
;
; |-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
; |  AM  | - | - | KEY_INPUT | - | - | MIN_UNIT | HR_UNIT |
; |-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
;
AM                EQU    0x07            ; Flag to specify if AM or PM
;
KEY_INPUT         EQU    0x04            ; Flag to specify if doing key inputs
;
MIN_UNIT          EQU    0x01            ; Flags to specify which units to operate on
HR_UNIT          EQU    0x00            ; (HRS, MIN, or none)
;
HRS               EQU    0x030           ; Holds counter value for HOURS
MIN               EQU    0x031           ; Holds counter value for MINUTES
SECS              EQU    0x032           ; Holds counter value for SECONDS
MSD               EQU    0x033           ; Temp. register, Holds Most Significant
; Digit of BIN to BCD conversion
LSD               EQU    0x034           ; Temporary register, Holds Least Significant
; Digit of BIN to BCD conversion
TEMP              EQU    0x035           ; Temporary register
CHAR              EQU    0x036           ; Temporary register,
; Holds value to send to LCD module.
;
WAIT_CNTR        EQU    0x040           ; Counter that holds wait time for key inputs
;
; LCD Display Commands and Control Signal names.
;
E                 EQU    0                ; LCD Enable control line
R_W               EQU    1                ; LCD Read/Write control line
RS                EQU    2                ; LCD Register Select control line
;
; LCD Module commands
;
DISP_ON           EQU    0x00C           ; Display on
DISP_ON_C         EQU    0x00E           ; Display on, Cursor on
DISP_ON_B         EQU    0x00F           ; Display on, Cursor on, Blink cursor
```


Real Time Clock

APPENDIX C: C74_REG.H INCLUDE FILE

```
nolist
;
; File = C64_reg.h
; Rev. History: 08-04-93 by MP
;              10-18-93 by MP to make Page ok
;              11-15-93 by MP to have correct pages for SFR
;
; EQUates for Special Function Registers
;
;
INDF          EQU          00
RTCC          EQU          01
OPTION_R     EQU          81
PCL          EQU          02
STATUS       EQU          03
FSR          EQU          04
PORTA        EQU          05
TRISA        EQU          85
PORTB        EQU          06
TRISB        EQU          86
PORTC        EQU          07
TRISC        EQU          87
PORTD        EQU          08
TRISD        EQU          88
PORTE        EQU          09
TRISE        EQU          89
PCLATH       EQU          0A
INTCON       EQU          0B
PIR1         EQU          0C
PIE1         EQU          8C
TMR1L        EQU          0E
PCON         EQU          8E
TMR1H        EQU          0F
T1CON        EQU          10
TMR2         EQU          11
T2CON        EQU          12
PR2          EQU          92
SSPBUF       EQU          13
SSPADD       EQU          93
SSPCON       EQU          14
SSPSTAT      EQU          94
CCPR1L       EQU          15
CCPR1H       EQU          16
CCP1CON      EQU          17
RCSTA        EQU          18
TXSTA        EQU          98
TXREG        EQU          19
SPBRG        EQU          99
RCREG        EQU          1A
CCPR2L       EQU          1B
CCPR2H       EQU          1C
CCP2CON      EQU          1D
ADRES        EQU          1E
ADCON0       EQU          1F
ADCON1       EQU          9F
;
;*****
;*****      Bit Deffinitions      *****
;*****
;
; STATUS register (Address 03/83)
;
IRP           EQU          7
RP1           EQU          6
RP0           EQU          5
```

```

TO          EQU          4
PD          EQU          3
Z           EQU          2
DC          EQU          1
C           EQU          0
;
; INTCON register (Address 0B/8B)
;
GIE         EQU          7
PEIE        EQU          6
RTIE        EQU          5
INTE        EQU          4
RBIE        EQU          3
RTIF        EQU          2
INTF        EQU          1
RBIF        EQU          0
;
; PIR1 register (Address 0C)
;
PSPIF       EQU          7
SSPIF       EQU          3
CCP1IF      EQU          2
TMR2IF      EQU          1
TMR1IF      EQU          0
;
; PIE1 register (Address 8C)
;
PSPIE       EQU          7
SSPIE       EQU          3
CCP1IE      EQU          2
TMR2IE      EQU          1
TMR1IE      EQU          0
;
; OPTION register (Address 81)
;
RBP         EQU          7
INTEDG      EQU          6
RTS         EQU          5
RTE         EQU          4
PSA         EQU          3
PS2         EQU          2
PS1         EQU          1
PS0         EQU          0
;
; PCON register (Address 8E)
;
POR         EQU          1
;
; TRISE register (Address 89)
;
IBF         EQU          7
OBF         EQU          6
IBOV        EQU          5
PSPMODE     EQU          4
TRISE2      EQU          2
TRISE1      EQU          1
TRISE0      EQU          0
;
; T1CON register (Address 10)
;
T1CKPS1     EQU          5
T1CKPS0     EQU          4
T1LOSCEN    EQU          3
T1INSYNC    EQU          2
TMR1CS      EQU          1
TMR1ON      EQU          0
;

```

Real Time Clock

```
; T2CON register (Address 12)
;
TOUTPS3          EQU          6
TOUTPS2          EQU          5
TOUTPS1          EQU          4
TOUTPS0          EQU          3
TMR2ON           EQU          2
T2CKPS1          EQU          1
T2CKPS0          EQU          0
;
; SSPCON register (Address 14)
;
WCOL             EQU          7
SSPOV           EQU          6
SSPEN           EQU          5
CKP             EQU          4
SSPM3           EQU          3
SSPM2           EQU          2
SSPM1           EQU          1
SSPM0           EQU          0
;
; SSPSTAT register (Address 94)
;
DA              EQU          5
P               EQU          4
S               EQU          3
RW             EQU          2
UA             EQU          1
BF             EQU          0
;
; CCP1CON register (Address 17)
;
CCP1X           EQU          5
CCP1Y           EQU          4
CCP1M3         EQU          3
CCP1M2         EQU          2
CCP1M1         EQU          1
CCP1M0         EQU          0
;
; RCSTA register (Address 18)
;
SPEN           EQU          7
RC89          EQU          6
SREN          EQU          5
CREN          EQU          4
FERR          EQU          2
OERR          EQU          1
RCD8          EQU          0
;
; TXSTA register (Address 98)
;
CSRC          EQU          7
TX89          EQU          6
TXEN          EQU          5
SYNC          EQU          4
BRGH          EQU          2
TRMT          EQU          1
TXD8          EQU          0
;
; CCP2CON register (Address 1D)
;
CCP2X         EQU          5
CCP2Y         EQU          4
CCP2M3        EQU          3
CCP2M2        EQU          2
CCP2M1        EQU          1
CCP2M0        EQU          0
```

```
;  
; ADCON0 register (Address 1F)  
;  
ADCS1          EQU          7  
ADCS0          EQU          6  
CHS2           EQU          5  
CHS1           EQU          4  
CHS0           EQU          3  
GO             EQU          2          2  
DONE           EQU          0  
ADON           EQU          0  
;  
; ADCON1 register (Address 9F)  
;  
PCFG2          EQU          2  
PCFG1          EQU          1  
PCFG0          EQU          0  
;  
;*****  
;**** Bits for destination control  
;****   W = W register is destination  
;****   F = File register is destination  
;*****  
;  
W              EQU          0  
F              EQU          1  
;  
FALSE         EQU          0  
TRUE          EQU          1  
  
list
```

Real Time Clock

NOTES:

WORLDWIDE SALES & SERVICE

AMERICAS

Corporate Office

Microchip Technology Inc.
2355 West Chandler Blvd.
Chandler, AZ 85224-6199
Tel: 602 786-7200 Fax: 602 786-7277
Technical Support: 602 786-7627
Web: <http://www.mchip.com/microhip>

Atlanta

Microchip Technology Inc.
500 Sugar Mill Road, Suite 200B
Atlanta, GA 30350
Tel: 770 640-0034 Fax: 770 640-0307

Boston

Microchip Technology Inc.
5 Mount Royal Avenue
Marlborough, MA 01752
Tel: 508 480-9990 Fax: 508 480-8575

Chicago

Microchip Technology Inc.
333 Pierce Road, Suite 180
Itasca, IL 60143
Tel: 708 285-0071 Fax: 708 285-0075

Dallas

Microchip Technology Inc.
14651 Dallas Parkway, Suite 816
Dallas, TX 75240-8809
Tel: 214 991-7177 Fax: 214 991-8588

Dayton

Microchip Technology Inc.
35 Rockridge Road
Englewood, OH 45322
Tel: 513 832-2543 Fax: 513 832-2841

Los Angeles

Microchip Technology Inc.
18201 Von Karman, Suite 455
Irvine, CA 92715
Tel: 714 263-1888 Fax: 714 263-1338

New York

Microchip Technology Inc.
150 Motor Parkway, Suite 416
Hauppauge, NY 11788
Tel: 516 273-5305 Fax: 516 273-5335

AMERICAS (continued)

San Jose

Microchip Technology Inc.
2107 North First Street, Suite 590
San Jose, CA 95131
Tel: 408 436-7950 Fax: 408 436-7955

ASIA/PACIFIC

Hong Kong

Microchip Technology
Unit No. 3002-3004, Tower 1
Metroplaza
223 Hing Fong Road
Kwai Fong, N.T. Hong Kong
Tel: 852 2 401 1200 Fax: 852 2 401 3431

Korea

Microchip Technology
168-1, Youngbo Bldg. 3 Floor
Samsung-Dong, Kangnam-Ku,
Seoul, Korea
Tel: 82 2 554 7200 Fax: 82 2 558 5934

Singapore

Microchip Technology
200 Middle Road
#10-03 Prime Centre
Singapore 188980
Tel: 65 334 8870 Fax: 65 334 8850

Taiwan

Microchip Technology
10F-1C 207
Tung Hua North Road
Taipei, Taiwan, ROC
Tel: 886 2 717 7175 Fax: 886 2 545 0139

EUROPE

United Kingdom

Arizona Microchip Technology Ltd.
Unit 6, The Courtyard
Meadow Bank, Furlong Road
Bourne End, Buckinghamshire SL8 5AJ
Tel: 44 0 1628 851077 Fax: 44 0 1628 850259

France

Arizona Microchip Technology SARL
2 Rue du Buisson aux Fraises
91300 Massy - France
Tel: 33 1 69 53 63 20 Fax: 33 1 69 30 90 79

Germany

Arizona Microchip Technology GmbH
Gustav-Heinemann-Ring 125
D-81739 Muenchen, Germany
Tel: 49 89 627 144 0 Fax: 49 89 627 144 44

Italy

Arizona Microchip Technology SRL
Centro Direzionale Colleoni
Palazzo Pegaso Ingresso No. 2
Via Paracelso 23, 20041
Agrate Brianza (MI) Italy
Tel: 39 039 689 9939 Fax: 39 039 689 9883

JAPAN

Microchip Technology Intl. Inc.
Benex S-1 6F
3-18-20, Shin Yokohama
Kohoku-Ku, Yokohama
Kanagawa 222 Japan
Tel: 81 45 471 6166 Fax: 81 45 471 6122

9/22/95

All rights reserved. © 1995, Microchip Technology Incorporated, USA.

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is intended through suggestion only and may be superseded by updates. No representation or warranty is given and no liability is assumed by Microchip Technology Incorporated with respect to the accuracy or use of such information, or infringement of patents or other intellectual property rights arising from such use or otherwise. Use of Microchip's products as critical components in life support systems is not authorized except with express written approval by Microchip. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any intellectual property rights. The Microchip logo and name are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Inc. All rights reserved. All other trademarks mentioned herein are the property of their respective companies.